SINDH HISTORICAL SOCIETY

RESEARCHED AND COMPILATION BY DR. DUR MUHAMMAD PATHAN

INTRODUCTION:

It is proper place and time to put on record some very important and interesting facts on record. I am controversial figure of my Society and Literary circle. Reasons for it, are:

- 1. I am over busy in my work consisting of Creative work, Research, Collection and Documentation of Source-Material, Data and Information. Hence, cannot spare time for explanations, clarifications about myself.
- 2. Most of Scholars and writers cannot compete with me in quantity and quality of my work. Hence, they have adopted strategy of my character-assassination, undue criticisms and defaming me. It has brought bad name to me.
- **3.** It has badly affected the reading and listening habit of those, who without any verification, have believed that I am controversial.
- **4.** Love for history and requirement of my integrity never discouraged me and I have never stopped working hard.
- 5. The quantity and quality of my work has beaten record of so many writers and scholars. But, I have never found myself in position to get my work published. Hence the only option left for me is to publish my works on my website. May be some time my country-men visit this website and get valuable information for redesigning their personal and national concepts.

Here is my work on the Sindh Historical Society. When I was doing Ph.D, I did my level best to obtain, purchase and collect material. One day, I purchased a file of the Sindh Historical Society from Old Books Market. The File consisted of Correspondence made by Billimoria, between him and other literary figures besides, Learned Bodies of that time.

It paved way for more hunting for information. I went through so many Journals of the Historical Society and collected information on Who's Who of Society's Office-bearers and members. I also compiled a comprehensive list of members besides, selected a few Articles of my interest from the Journal of Sindh Historical Society.

My work on the Society is combination of compilation and research at the same time. It consists of:

- 1. Constitution and Bye-Laws of the Society.
- 2. Alphabetical list of members,
- 3. Councils, Office-Bearers and members of the Managing Committees.
- 4. Who's Who of Members ayat Institute
- 5. Correspondence,
- 6. Annual Reports,
- 7. Coordination and Cooperation with other Learned Bodies,
- 8. Index/List of Important Papers read in literary sittings,
- 9. Selection from Papers published in the Journal of the Society

sir Montagu De P. Webb was born in 1869
at Clifton, Bristol. After arriving in Karachi in
1890, he founded or originated "The Daily Gazette",
'Sind Light Railways'. The Karachi Electric Supply
Corporation, Karachi Building and Development Company,
Karachi, Safe Deposit Company, Larkana-Jecobabad
Railway and Jecobabad-Kashmore Feeder Railway etc.

He remained Chairman of the Karachi Chambers of Commercer, additional member of the Bombay Legislativ Council, member of the Legislative Assembly, member of the Indian Fiscal Commission. He represented the Bimetallic league the British Empire league and the league of Nations Union in Karachi.

of Progress in 1922 and Karachi Aero Club. He was author of "India and the Empire", Britains' Diploma", Britain Victorious", "The World Crisis and the only Way out" etc.

Due to his services rendered for British empirements the was honoured with titles of KT., C.I.E. and C.B.E.

Sir Montagu De P.Webb was one of the founder

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Syed Miran Muhammad Shah was born on 11th

March, 1898 at Village Tikhar. He matriculated from

Sind Madressah in 1917 and got his Bachelor degree

from D.J.S.College in 1921. After passing LL.B in 1924

he started practice at Hyderabad.

Syed Miran Muhammad Shah was elected to

Hyderabad Municipality and became Chairman of the

District Local Board in 1928 he was elected as a

member of Bombay Legislative Council and remained its

member till separation of Sind. He was included into

the Sind Advisory Council also.

After 1936, he was elected as a member of Sind Legislative Assembelly and became Parliamentary Hayat Institute
Secretary. After the death of first Speaker, he was elected to the same post and rendered his services till 1948 when he was included in Sind Cabinet. He remained in various ministries till 1951.

Syed Miran Muhammad Shah was one of the members of the Sind Historical Society.

He breathed his last on 16th November, 1963. © 2019 Dr.Pathan. All Rights Reserved.

MIR BUNDEH ALI KHAN.

Mir Bundeh Ali Khan S/o Mir Haji Muhammad Hussain Khan Talpur was born in 1904. He was educated both in India and abroad.

Mir remained President of the Sind Jagirdars
Association and member of the School Board of the
Hyderabad District Local Board. He was nominated by
Government to serve on the Sind Conference in 1932.

He entered Bombay Legislative Council in

1930 and after the Sind separation returned to Sind

Legislative Assembely. He was a Minister in the first

Sind Ministry and then in Soomro's ministry too. After

the fall of Allah Bux Ministry he became the Premier

of Sind.

Mir Bundeh Ali Khan Talpur was also member of the Sind Historical Society.

C. B. RUBIE.

Lt. Colonel C. B. Rubie was a Tea-Planter in Ceylon. He served in the First Great War and was appointed Officer Commanding, Karachi Corps Auxiliary Force in October, 1920.

C. B. Rubie was the President founder of the Sind Cricket Association and Vice-President of the Sind Natural History Society. Besides this, he was also one of the active members of the Sind Historical Society.

Fakirjee Cowasjee was born on 13th March 1878 at Thana. He got his education from N.J.V. High School and D.J.S.College Karachi. He joined his father's business in 1900.

Fakirjee Cowasjee was a prime mover and Chief
Organizer of the Constitution for the election of
Trustees for Moveable and Immoveable Properties of the
Parsi Anjuman of Karachi. He was one of the members
of the Managing Committee of the Parsi Virbaiji School.
He assisted in the completion of the Y.W.C.A. Hall. He
remained active members of the Buyers and Shippers
Chamber, member of the Executive Committee of the
Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry.
He was one of the nominated advisers to the Employers'
Delegate to the 13th Internation Maritime Conference.
He was one of the members of the deputions to the Viceroy
on the questions of the separation of Sind and the
Transfer of Aden.

Besides this Fakirjee Cowasjee was a senior partner in Messrs Cowasjee and Sons, Coal importers and Bunkering Contracters, Stevedores, Hardware Merchants and Contractors to Government.

Fakirjee Cowasjee was the life member of the Sina Historical Society.

E.L. Price was born in 1874 in London. After graduating from Oxon he was appointed as French Consular agent in 1914. During Great Was he served French Government in connection with shipping and shipments of grain and oil seeds and British and Indian Governments in the provision of Row Hides from Karachi.

of the War League of India, Assessor, Transport Claims

Committee, Karachi, member Government of Bombay Was

Purposes Board, five times Chairman Karachi Marine

Insurance Association, Chairman European Association,

Sind Branch, member Legislative Assembly, member of
the Sind League of Progress, Municipal Councilor,

Port Trustee and member of the Sind separation Conference

He was awarded the title of O.B.E in 1919 and C.I.E.

in 1922.

E.L. Price was one of the active member of the "Sind Historical Society".

Kotamraj Punniah was born in 1889 at Chirala,
Guntar District of Madrass Presidency. He became

Journalist in 1908.

Punniah was founded President of the

Cosmopolaitan Housing Society, Karachi, Vice-President

Karachi Brahmo Samaj, The Social Service League and

South Indian Association. He remained Director of

the Mercantile Co-operative Bank Limited.

Punhiah was one of the "Sind Historical Society".

Sohrab K.H. Katrak was born in November 26th, 1892.

He was under-graduate of the Bombay University. He spent
three years in London in Pitman's College for Commercial
education. He was merchant, a landlord, a writer and orator
and a world traveller. Besides this Sohrab K.H. Katrak was
first Class Honorary Magistrate and Justice of Peace, Mayor
of Karachi, member of the Karachi Chambers of Commerce, a

Port Trustee. A member of the "Karachi Cantonment Board",
Managing Trustee of the "Katrak Charity Trust", "The Hormusji
Katrak Hall". For long time he remained President of the
"Jahangir Peerozshah Dubash Health Cultural Instititue",
Sind Provincial Commissioner Hindustan Scout Association",
" Max Denso Hall Clerical Library and Commercial Education
Society".

He was Director of "Bharat Bank Ltd." (Karachi Branch). Vice President "Sind Natural History Society".

Secretary "Karachi Parsi Co-operation Housing Socieyt",

"The Young Men's Zoroastrain Association", and many other social, cultural and educational institutions.

Sobrab K.H.Katrak was author of "Through Amanullah's Afghanistan" and "Karachi 1843–1947". He was one of the founder member and later on President of The Sind Historical Society".

He breathed his last on 1st July, 1972.

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DR. A. DUARTE.

Dr. Adrain Duarte was born on 1st March, 1896.

He was eminent scholar and famous professor of History.

He devoted his entire life for the cuase of education.

He remained Principal of Government Arts College, Hyderabad for years.

Dr. A. Duarte was one of the founder member of the Sind Historical Society. He served the Society as its founder Honorary Secretary and member of its Council for years.

K.S.Ghulam Rasul Sher Khan Kéhar was born on 10th July, 1899 at Village Kehar District Larkana. After graduating from Bombay University, he joined Government Service. In 1925 he was appointed "Mukhtiarkar" and was promoted to the post of Collector in 1944. After that he received direct appointment to P.C.S. and served Sind Government as its Secretary.

He was elected as a member of Sind Assembly in 1953 and was included in Pirzada Ministry. In 1956 he represented Pakistan on Social Council of U.N.O.. Afterwards he was appointed member of Pakistan Planning Commissio where he worked for eight years.

Assembly and became its Speaker.

K.S.Kehar was one of the member of the "Sind Historical Society".

Hyder Bux Jatoi 5/o Allahdad Khan Jatoi was born en 7th Osteber 1901 at Village Bakho Dero of District Larkana, He received his early education in his village and then joined Madressah=Tul=Islam, Larkana from where he matriculated in 1923. In 1927 he took his B.A.(Hon.) degree from D.J.S. College, Karachi.

After completing his education he entered into Government service and was promoted to the post of Deputy Collector in 1941. But after few years he threw away his post as to enable himself to serve poverty-stricken and down-trodden peasantry. He participated in "Hari Tahrik" and soon he was elected as President of "Hari Committee". He started a weekly paper named "HARI HAQDAR".

The late Jatoi has written a large number of Gul Hayat Institute
books, articles and booklets on contemporary issues.

His writings landed him in Jail more than once. In addition to his nearly a dozen Sindhi books, he has written 14 books in English.

Jatoi was one of the early members of " Sind Historical Society".

Hatim A. Alvi was born on 20th October, 1898 at
Palanpur. During his schooling at Sind Madressah-Tul-Islam,
his name was struck-off because of his Anti-British feelings.
He joined the ancestral business in the famours firm of
"Yousuf Ali Ali Bhoy Karimji and Co."

Hatim Ali was one of the active politicians of Sind. He participated in all political movements which took birth in Sind. He remained member as well as office-bearer of major political parties. In 1927 he was elected as a Municipal Councillor and later on became Mayor of Karachi Municipal Corporation.

Gul Hayat Institute

Hatim A. Alvi was associated with many institutions Societies and Associations. He was also active member of "Sind Historical Society. He died on 26th January, 1976.

BULCHAND RAJPAL.

Bulchand Vasoomal Rajpal was born in 1904. He passed his B.Sc. in 1926 from D.J.S. College, Karachi.

Afterwards he was appointed Science Teacher in "Municipal High School, Jacobabad."

After the separation of Sind from Bomaby presidency
he took part in politics and was elected as a member of
Sind Assembly.

Rajpal founded monthly "SINDHU" and made a name for himself. He was also one of the members of " Sind Historical Society".

After 1947 he migrated to **In**dia where breathed his last.

BHERUMAL M. ADVANI.

Bherumal Miharchand Advani was born in 1875 at Hyderabad. After getting his education, he joined "Salit and Excise Department" as a Inspector and remained in Department for 28 years. In 1924, he was appointed Lecturer in Sindhi in D.J.S. College, where he served for 13 years.

Bherumal Advani made a name for himself by his literary contribution. He had written more than forty books covering almost all fields of Sindhi literature. He was all-rounder man of letters. Amongst his outstanding publications are "SINDHI BOLIA JEE TARIKH" (History of Sindhi language), "KADEEM SINDH" (History of Ancient Sind), and "SIND JAI HINDUN JEE TARIKH" (History of Sindhi Hindus).

Gul Hayat Institute

Bherumal Advani was amongst the founder members of "Sind Historical Society". He remained member of its Managing Committee for years.

In 1949 he migrated to India and breathed his last on 7th of July 1950 at Bombav.

HUGH DOW.

Sir Hugh Dow was born on 8th of May 1886 in England. He got his education from Aske's Hatcham School and University College, London. He entered Indian Civil Service in 1909 and served as Assistant Collector in Sind. Municipal Commissioner for Surat from 1916 to 1918. Assistant Commissioner in Sind upto 1920, Deputy Controller of Prices, Deputy Secretary, Finance Department, Bombay 1921. Acting Secretary, Finance Department 1923. Financial Advisor to P.W.D. in 1926. Revenue Officer, Loyd Barrage from 1927 to 1933. Chairman Sind Administrative Committee for one year. Joint Secretary, Commerce Department. Government of India from 1934 to 1936. Secretary Commerce Department for three years. Director General of Supplies and Vice President, War Supply Board 1939-40. He was appointed as Governor of Sind on 1st April, 1941.

Sir Hugh Dow remained member of the Society in 1934.

Assanand Mamtora was born in 1903 at Karachi. After graduating from Bombay University, he selected teaching as his profession. During his teachership he also got the degree of B.T. required for his profession.

Assanand Mamtora is regarded as one of the best story writers of his times. He made a name for himself by his Short "tories like "VANAVALARI", NAI ROSHANI MEN", "FAILSUF PREEM AIN PAP JUN KAHANYOON", "ARSI" and novel "SHAIR".

Assanand Mamtora was active member of "Sind Historical Society". He migrated to India after 1947 and is living in Bombay.

DENNIS KINCAID.

Dennis Kincaid was born in 1906. He was well versed in the history, art and religion of India and had made a name for himself by his novels like "DURBAR" AND other, portraying Indian life with almost photographic realism.

He was posted at Hyderabad as Sessions Judge for a short time. Dennis Kincaid was also associated with "Sind Historical Society" as its one of the members. His death occured by drowing at an early age of 31 in 1937.

Duggan, Edwin Merle, B.Sc., M.I.C.E., I.S.E, was born on 17th February, 1884 in England. He was educated at Marlborough College and Victoria University After completing his education he worked in various Engineering Workshops in England, He was appointed to Indian Public Works Department from 1st Octoberm 1905 and posted as Assistant Engineer to Bombay Presidency; was in various Districts as Assistant and Executive Engineer on Famine Relief, Roads and Building and Irrigation Works, till November 1912; was Under-Secretary to the Government of Bombay for Irrigation and Railways, 1912-16. Remained Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the P.W.D 1916-17, become Executive Engineer, Poona Division in 1918. He was appointed Chairman, Settlement in 1919. From the 1924 he was appointed under-Secretary to the Government of Bomaby for Road#s and Buiddings. In 1927 he was appointed Chief Engineer Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, Bombay. Remained Superintending Engineer, Central Circle, Poona from 1930 to 1931. Afterwards he was appointed as Chairman of Karachi

Port Trust. Also he was associated with various Institutions in honourable capacities. He was Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Indian Red Cross Society, Sind Provincial Branch and President of "Sind Baluchistan Kennel Club". He was also one of the active members of " Sind Historical Society ".

He expired in March, 1934.

Gul Hayat Institute

Abdullah Muhammad Qasim Abbasi was born on 21st of July, 1903 at Village Muhabat Dero Jatoi, District NawabShah. After completing his education, he joined Education Department and was retired in 1958, after 38 years of service.

A.M. Abbasi founded monthly "Gulshan" Karachi and was also associated with various News papers as Assistant Editor. He also founded educational Institutions such as "Modern Academy" (1930), "Hopeful English School" (1932) and "Shining Star School" (1960). He was written more than a dozen booklets on History, Geography and Biography.

Abbasi Sahib was also one of the members of "Sind Historical Society".

Lalchand Amardinomal Jagtiani was born on 25th January 1985 at Hyderabad. He passed his matriculation Examination in 1903 from N.H.Academy, S.T.C. in 1908 and B.A. in 1918. He remained teacher in various educational institutions of Karachi including "Sind Madressah", Shri Marvadi Vidiyala" and Shahani High School etc. He also served D.J.S.College as its Hon:

Jagtiani was also active politics and for the cause of his country he was put behind the bar. He was not only teacher and political worker, but man of the letters also. Besides this he was journalist too.

The late Jagtiani has left behind him more than fifty publications in Sindhi language covering major fields of our literature.

He was founder of "Sindhi Sahit Society",
Assistant Secretary to the Board for promotion of Sindhi
literature and language and active member of " Sind
Historical Society".

After 1947 he migrated to India and breathed his last there on 18th April, 1956.

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G. M. SYLD.

Syed Ghulam Murtaza Muhammad Shah alias

G.M.Syed was born on 17th January, 1904. At the age of

6, he was admitted in Primary School, San. After

passing five standards he could not get formal

education. However, he managed himself to acquire

knowledge by appointing Tutors and made himself well—

versed in many languages.

ting in Khilafat Movement in 1920. Being politician of his own right, Shah Sahib has played significant role in Sind politics. He was great force in Congress. He alongwith his colleagues made Muslim League a formidable power in Sind. He remained founder of parties and maker of Ministeries. He is still known for his independence, conrage and conviction.

G.M. Syed was a Minister in Mir Ministry and when Maulana Azad brought about Unity of all parties and one Minister was to make room for Allah Bux group, it was G.M. Syed who volunteered to resign.

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Besides practical politician Shah Sahib is mobile Encyclopadia of political history of his time. He has preserved many pages of our political history by writing valuable books.

Shah Sahib was also one of the early members of "Sind Historical Society".

SOBHRAJ MIRMALDAS.

Sobhraj Nirmaldas alias "Fani" was born on 27th of February, 1883 at Hyderabad.

After securing first position in Matric, he iz joined Government service and retired as Deputy Collector in 1937.

"Fani" was well versed in oriential languages besides English. He was renowned poet and Musician. "KHEYALI JHALIKA", " CHITA PHUL ARI", ROCHANI TAJALA" and " PAHAAKA" are his important publications. Also he had translated from "GULISTAN".

Gul Hayat Institute
"Fani" was closely associated with "Sind

Historical Society" as its member of the Managing Committee for number of years.

After 1947, he migrated to India where expired on 15th of March, 1956.

in 1883 at Hyderabad. He passed his Matriculation

Examination in 1899 from N.H.Academy Hyderabad. Passed his B.A. in 1905 from D.J.S.College and M.A. in 1907 from Willson College. Bombay. After completing his education he hoined Willson College as Assistant

Professor in 1908. He was appointed as Professor in D.J.S.College, later-on he became its vice-Principal and Principal in 1927. He left for England for Research Study and got Degree of Doctor of Philosophy conferred upon him in 1928.

University, member of Boards of Studies in English,

Gul Hayat Institute

Sindhi, Arabic and Persian, member of Academic Council

and member of Governing Body of D.G.Sind National

College, Hyderabad.

Dr. Gurbuxani w has left behind him few
but most standard publications like "NOOR JAHAN"

(Novel) "ROOH RIHAN" (Latifiyat) and "LUNWARIA JA LAL"

(Biographies). His outstanding contribution towards

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Contd.... 2

Sindhi literature and language is compilation and publication of Poetry of Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai, though incomplete but it is master piece of his research work.

Dr. Gurbuxani was founder President of
"Sind Historical Society" and remained associated
with it till he breathed his last on 11th February 1947
at the age of 64.

Syed Noor Muhammad Shah was born on 1st

January 1911 at Bhiria, District Nawabshah. He passed
his B.A. in 1933 from D.J.S. College, Karachi.

After the separation of Sind from Bombay

Presidency, he took part in Sind politics and joined

newly formed "ITHAD PARTY". In 1937 he was elected as

a member of Sind Assembly. After wards he joined

Muslim League and remained with Syed group. He was

included in Yusif Haroon's Ministry in 1949

GHULAM HUSSAIN SOOMRO.

Ghulam Huss-ain S/o Ahmed Khan Soomro was born on 6th of January, 1896. He passed his B.A. from Bombay University and obtained degree of B.T. during his service in Education Department. Besides this he was LL.B. also.

Soomro rendered his services in various educational institutions of Sind and remained the Principal of Training College for Men, Hyderabad.

He was one of the active members of the 'Sind Historical Society'.

Rochiram Gangaram Sadani was born on 17th August, 1892 at Karachi. He was teacher by profession and had rendered his services in various educational institutions of Karachi and Hyderabad.

Sadani had also contributed towards Sindhi literature and language. He had written a dozen of books both in prose and poetry. His countable books are 'INSAN AIN INSANYAT', INSAN JO AKRI MAKSAD', UMAR AIN MARVI' and 'TARANG' etc.

Sadani was one of the active members of the 'Sind Historical Society'.

> He migrated to India after 1947. Gul Hayat Institute

Shamsul-Ulema Dr. Umer Bin Huhammad Daudpota was born on 25th Murch, 1896 in the village of Talti near Dadu, He matriculated from 'Sind Madressah Tul Islam and got first position in Sind. In 1921 he graduated with Honours in persian and in 1923 secured first position in M.A. in 1924 he obained the degree of Doctor of Philosopy.

Dr. Daudpota rendered his services in Sind Madressah as its Principal, From 1931 to 1939 he worked as Professor of Arabic in Ismail College, Bombay, In 1939 he returned to Sind as Director of Education. In 1941 he was given the title of 'Shamsul Ulmema'. In 1951 he became the member of the Sind Public Service Commission and of West Pakistan Public Service Commission after four years.

Dr. Daudpota was eminent educationist and renowed Scholar. He has written many books in Sindhi and English.

Gul Hayat Institute

Dr. Daudpota was one of the active President of the 'Sind Distorical Society'.

He breathed his last on 22nd November 1958.

K.B. S.D. CONTRACTOR.

K.B. S.D.Contractor was born on 5th September,

1878 at Surat and got his primary education at Karachi.

After graduating from Gurat College, he joined N.J.V.

School in 1903, as a Teacher.In 1916 he was appointed P.A to Educational Inspector, During Khilafat Movement days he was made Principal of the 'Sind Madressah-Tul-Islam where he rendered his services till became Incharge Educational Inspector in 1923. In 1929 he was appointed as Assistant Director of Instructor poons and was awarded the title of K.B. Same year. In 1932 he became Educational Inspector and retired after six years.

Khan Sahib was eminent educationist and administrator. He was associated with many social. cultural and educational institutions as well as Societies Also he was one of the active office bearers of the 'Sind Historical Society'.

He breathed his last on 18th August 1962.

K.B. GHULAM NABI KAZI.

He passed his B.A. examination in 1906 and after seven years he was appointed the Principal of Nosharo Feroze Madressah. In 1919 he became Deputy Educational Inspector, After serving Nosharo Government High School for one year, he was appointed as the administrative Officer of Larkana District Local Board in 1927. He became the P.A. to Educational Inspector in 1931 and was made Khan Bahadur in 1934. In 1935 he became the Educational Inspector in Sind. In April 1936 when Sind was separated he became the first Director of Public Instructions of Sind from which post he retired in 1939.

Gul Hayat Institute

K.B. Ghulam Nabi Kazi was one of the members of the 'Sind Historical Society'.

MIR GHULAM ALI TALPUR.

Mir Ghulam Ali S/o Mir Bandeh Ali Khan Talpur wasborn at Tando Muhammad Khan. After graduation he took keen interest in public and political activities. He was elected a Member of Sind Legislative Assembly in 1937, and became Chief Parliamentary Secretary in 1940.

The late Mir was associated with many Social, political and cultural societies and parties. He was the President of District local Board, Hyderabad, Vice President Provincial Muslim League and member of 'Rasai Committee'etc.

In 1943 he became one of the Ministers of Sind cabinet and later on was included in Pakistan Government cabinets.

Mir Ghulam any all pun was lone of the active members of the 'Sind Historical Society'.

He breathed his last on 19th October, 1962.

DR. MANECK B. PITHAWALA.

Dr. Maneck B. Pithawala was born on 20th November, 1886. Destiny brought him to Karachi on 20th June, 1920, when he was appointed the Head Master of B.V.S. Gigh School. He went to Europe in 1932. After leaving the B.V.S. School he had held responsible posts in Research Centres Government Departments and private for all 32 years. He was retired from the post of Principal-ship of the B.V.S. School on 11th October, 1946.

Dr. Maneck B. Pithawala was well known scholar, his work brought to the parsi community of the world its first Doctorate of science in Geography in 1940.

MANOHARDAS KHILNANI.

Manohardas Khilnani was born on 14th December, 1879 at Bhiria, District Nawabshah.

He was son of great Sindhi Scholar the late Kauromal Khilnani. He was graduate of Bombay University.

Manohardas also proved himself as a man of letters. He was author of more than 40 books, such as 'IKHLAKI AVAZ', HIND JO SAIR', 'NARI NIROG JIVA' and 'MULHAITA MOTI'. etc.

Manohardas was one of the most active founder member of the 'Sind Historical Society'.

After the partition he migrated to India.

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N. R. WADIA.

N.R. Wadia was born in 1875. After graduation he had joined 'Tutorial High School'
Bombay as a Teacher and also rendered whis services 'Mhow Zoroastrian High School' for some time. In 1922 he was appointed as the Vice Principal of B.V.S. Parsi High School, Karachi, This association lasted for a long period till he retired in 1939 at the age of 64.

N.R. Wadia was members of the 'Sind Historical Society' till 1946 when he resigned from the membership.

COWASHAH EDULJEE ANKLESARIA.

Cowashah Eduljee Anklesria who, as young man had come to Karachi from Ahmedabad in 1900, and was appointed as the Head Master of P.V. School in the month of October same year. In 1918 he was appointed Vice Principal of the Mama Parsi Girls' High School and in 1932 he became its Principal.

C.E. Anklesaria rendered his services there upto 1942, when he was retired from the service.

C.E. Anklesaria became the member of the "Sind Historical Society" in 1936. He died at Karachi on 13th April, 1951.

K.B. Muhammad Sidik Memon.

Muhammad Sidik Muhammad Yusif Memon was born in 1890 at Hyderabad Sind. He was eminent educationist and prominent scholar. He remained the Principal of the Training College for Men for years. He founded "Sindhi Muslim Adabi Society" and published more than one hundred books in Sindhi language. Besides this, with the co-operation of Makhidum Ghulam Hyder he founded Women's School (Madressah-Tul-Binat) and served the institution as its Secretary for long time.

Muhammad Sidik Memon was author of 32 books both in prose and poetry. He was awarded the title of 'Khan Bahadur' in 1946.

Gul Hayat Institute
one of the active members

of the "Sind Historical Society". He breathed his last on 20th November, 1958.