Repealed by the West-Pokislan Repealing Ordinance, 1970 (W.P. Ordinance XVIII) of 1970), 32. Jeh. 165

[THE SIND FRONTIER REGULATIONS (REPEAL)ACT, 1952.]

An Act to repeal the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1872, and the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1892

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1872, and the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1892;

AND WHEREAS the Governor of Sind has, in pursuance of a proclamation issued by the Governor-General under section 92-A of the Government of India Act, 1935, assumed, on behalf of the Governor-General, all powers vested in or exercisable by the Provincial Legislature under the said Act;

Now, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers so assumed, the Governor is hereby pleased to enact as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Sind Frontier Regulations Short title. (Repeal) Act, 1952.

Regulations 2. (1) The Sind Frontier Regulation, 1872, and the Sind V of Frontier Regulation, 1892 (hereinafter referred to as the Regulations) are hereby repealed.

III of 1892.

(2) The repeal shall not-

(a) revive anything not in force or existing at the time at which the repeal takes effect; or

(b) affect the previous operation of the Regulations or anything duly done or suffered thereunder; or

(c) affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the Regulations; or

(d) affect any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred under the Regulations;

and such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture, or punishment shall be continued and enforced, as if this Act has not been passed.

3. Notwithstanding anything in section I, a person committed Release of to or detained in prison under the Regulations for failure to furnish persons descurity for good behaviour shall be released on the commencement of this Act.

L (rv) 693-D-II-A

Disposal of civil disputes.

4. (1) All proceedings relating to civil disputes under section 5 of the Sind Frontier Regulation, 1892, pending before the Council of Elders or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, on the date of the commencement of this Act, shall terminate and the District Magistrate shall refer the parties to civil courts.

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(2) Notwithstanding anything in the Limitation Act, 1908, 1X of in computing the period of limitation prescribed by that Act for 1908. any suit, the time of the continuance of such proceedings as aforesaid shall be excluded.

Transfer of criminal proceedings.

- 5. (1) All Criminal proceedings pending before the Council of Elders or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, on the commencement of this Act, shall be transferred by the District Magistrate to—
  - (i) the Court of Session if the proceedings relate to a person accused of an offence who, before reference of his case to the Council of Elders under the Regulations, was being tried in that Court:
    - (ii) Magistrates of competent jurisdiction in other cases.
- (2) the Criminal Courts to which proceedings are so transferred shall proceed with them as if the proceedings had been instituted before them direct, or by commitment by a Magistrate, as the case may be.

[THE FOREST (SIND AMENDMENT) ACT, 1953.]

[28th September, 1953]

An Act to amend the Forest Act, 1927, in its application to the Province

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Forest Act, 1927, in its application to the Province of Sind, for the purpose hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

- 1. This Act may be called the Forest (Sind Amendment) Act, Short title. 1953.
- XVI of 2. In the Forest Act, 1927, for the word "carts" wherever Substitution of the word "Vehicles" for the word "carts".



## Gul Hayat Institute

I For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see S.G.G., 1953, Pt. IV, p. 94; and for proceedings in Assembly, see S. L. A. Debates, 1953, Vol. I., Book No. 2, p. 33—Book No. 3, p. 26.

In . Subs . My w. P. Laws (Adap) order to